=> file medline hcaplus embase biosis USPatFull

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

ENTRY SESSION 6.65 6.86

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 14:18:16 ON 05 JAN 2006

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:18:16 ON 05 JAN 2006
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s Rhodobacter and tyrosine ammonia lyase
L1 25 RHODOBACTER AND TYROSINE AMMONIA LYASE

=> dup rem l1

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

L2 18 DUP REM L1 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s 12 and sphaeroides

L3 5 L2 AND SPHAEROIDES

=> d 13 1-5 ibib ab

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 5 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004283018 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 15185374

TITLE: Exploring recombinant flavonoid biosynthesis in

metabolically engineered Escherichia coli.

AUTHOR: Watts Kevin T; Lee Pyung Cheon; Schmidt-Dannert Claudia

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biochemistry, Molecular Biology and

Biophysics, University of Minnesota, 1479 Gortner Avenue,

St. Paul, MN 55108, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER:

T32 GM08347 (NIGMS)

SOURCE:

Chembiochem: a European journal of chemical biology, (2004

Apr 2) 5 (4) 500-7.

Journal code: 100937360. ISSN: 1439-4227. PUB. COUNTRY: Germany: Germany, Federal Republic of DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200407

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20040609

Last Updated on STN: 20040801

Entered Medline: 20040730

AB Flavonoids are important plant-specific secondary metabolites synthesized from 4-coumaroyl coenzyme A (CoA), derived from the general phenylpropanoid pathway, and three malonyl-CoAs. The synthesis involves a plant type III polyketide synthase, chalcone synthase. We report the cloning and coexpression in Escherichia coli of phenylalanine ammonia lyase, cinnamate-4-hydroxylase, 4-coumarate:CoA ligase, and chalcone synthase from the model plant Arabidopsis thaliana. Simultaneous expression of all four genes resulted in a blockage after the first enzymatic step caused by the presence of nonfunctional cinnamate-4-hydroxylase. To overcome this problem we fed exogenous 4-coumaric acid to induced cultures. We observed high-level production of

the flavanone naringenin as a result. We were also able to produce phloretin by feeding cultures with 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propionic acid. Feeding with ferulic or caffeic acid did not yield the corresponding flavanones. We have also cloned and partially characterized a new

tyrosine ammonia lyase from

Rhodobacter sphaeroides. Tyrosine

ammonia lyase was substituted for phenylalanine ammonia lyase and cinnamate-4-hydroxylase in our E. coli clones and three different growth media were tested. After 48 h induction, high-level production (20.8 mg L(-1)) of naringenin in metabolically engineered E. coli was observed for the first time.

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:1242663 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:476548

TITLE:

Fermentative preparation of para-hydroxycinnamic acid

and cinnamic acid at alkaline ph

INVENTOR(S):

Ben-Bassat, Arie; Sariaslani, Fateme Sima; Huang, Lisa

L.; Patnaik, Ranjan; Lowe, David J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			KIND		DATE		2	APPLICATION NO.						DATE				
					-													
US 2005260724			A1		20051124			US 2005-105259						20050413				
WO 2005116229			A2 20051208			1	WO 2005-US13867						20050420					
₩:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,		
	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,		
	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,		
	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,		
	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,		
	SM,	SY,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	ŪĠ,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,		
	ZM,	ZW																
RW	: BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,		
	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,		
	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,		
	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,		
	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG													

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-563633P P 20040420

AB Methods for the microbial prodn. of para-hydroxycinnamic acid (pHCA) and cinnamic acid (CA) are provided. Microbes producing either tyrosine or phenylalanine are grown in the presence of either tyrosine ammonium lyase or phenylalanine ammonium lyase resp. where some part of the fermn. is accomplished at alk. pH. The process results in greater yields and higher rates of para-hydroxycinnamic acid (pHCA) and cinnamic acid (CA) prodn. as compared with fermn. exclusively at physiol. pH.

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:80857 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:141699

TITLE: Cloning, genomic and amino acid sequences of

tyrosine ammonia lyase

from Rhodobacter sphaeroides and

applications in the production of p-hydroxycinnamic

acid

INVENTOR(S): Huang, Lixuan; Xue, Zhixiong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E.I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2004009795 A2 20040129 WO 2003-US23229 20030723
WO 2004009795 A3 20040910
W: .TP W: JP RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR US 2004059103 A1 20040325 US 2003-621826 20030717 EP 1551858 A2 20050713 EP 2003-766021 20030723 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

US 2002-397820P P 20020723 WO 2003-US23229 W 20030723 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

A novel tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme was AB

identified in the bacterium Rhodobacter sphaeroides.

This enzyme has a higher activity for tyrosine than for phenylalanine and is useful for the prodn. of para-hydroxycinnamic acid directly from tyrosine. The gene encoding this enzyme was cloned by direct amplification using the genomic DNA and was expressed in E. coli.

ANSWER 4 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:240642 USPATFULL

TITLE: Flavonoids

INVENTOR(S): Schmidt-Dannert, Claudia, Shoreview, MN, UNITED STATES

Watts, Kevin, Minneapolis, MN, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: US 2005208643 A1 20050922 US 2005-69633 A1 20050301 (11)

NUMBER DATE

US 2004-549077P 20040301 (60)

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-5490
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FISH & RICHARDSON P.C., PO BOX 1022, MINNEAPOLIS, MN,

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 37 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 3545

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides methods and materials related to producing flavonoids as well as other organic compounds. For example, the invention provides isolated nucleic acids, polypeptides, host cells, and methods and materials for producing flavonoids and other organic

compounds.

ANSWER 5 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:77324 USPATFULL

DNA and amino acid sequence of a tyrosine TITLE:

> ammonia lyase enzyme from the bacterium rhodobacter sphaeroides

Huang, Lixuan, Hockessin, DE, UNITED STATES INVENTOR(S):

Xue, Zhixiong, Chadds Ford, PA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004059103 A1 20040325 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-621826 A1 20030717 (10) NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-397820P 20020723 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417

LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 23 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1887

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A novel tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme was

identified in the bacterium Rhodobacter sphaeroides.

This enzyme has a higher activity for tyrosine than for phenylalanine and is useful for the production of para-hydroxycinnamic acid directly from tyrosine. The gene encoding this enzyme was cloned by direct amplification using the genomic DNA and was expressed in E. coli.

## => d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:17:43 ON 05 JAN 2006)

FILE 'MEDLINE, HCAPLUS, EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:18:09 ON 05 JAN 2006

FILE 'MEDLINE, HCAPLUS, EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:18:16 ON 05 JAN 2006

L1 25 S RHODOBACTER AND TYROSINE AMMONIA LYASE

L2 18 DUP REM L1 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L3 5 S L2 AND SPHAEROIDES

=> s 12 and dna

L4 15 L2 AND DNA

=> d l4 1-15 ibib ab

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1242663 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:476548

TITLE: Fermentative preparation of para-hydroxycinnamic acid

and cinnamic acid at alkaline ph

INVENTOR(S): Ben-Bassat, Arie; Sariaslani, Fateme Sima; Huang, Lisa

L.; Patnaik, Ranjan; Lowe, David J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIN	D :	DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
					-													
US 2005260724				A1 20051124			•	US 2	005-	20050413								
WO 2005116229				A2 20051208			WO 2005-US13867						20050420					
W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,		
						DE,												
	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KP,	KR,	KZ,		
	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,		
						PH,												
						TR,												

ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,

MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-563633P

Methods for the microbial prodn. of para-hydroxycinnamic acid (pHCA) and cinnamic acid (CA) are provided. Microbes producing either tyrosine or phenylalanine are grown in the presence of either tyrosine ammonium lyase or phenylalanine ammonium lyase resp. where some part of the fermn. is accomplished at alk. pH. The process results in greater yields and higher rates of para-hydroxycinnamic acid (pHCA) and cinnamic acid (CA) prodn. as compared with fermn. exclusively at physiol. pH.

ANSWER 2 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:119885 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:162451

TITLE:

Novel methods for synthesis of holo-photoactive yellow

protein

INVENTOR(S):

Kyndt, John Jozef Armand; Van Beeumen, Jozef

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Belg.

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 32 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2004029230 21 US 2003-464609 APPLICATION NO. \_\_\_\_\_ US 2004029230 A1 20040212 US 2003-464609 20030618 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-389593P P 20020618

The present invention is generally related to recombinant DNA technol. and more particularly to DNA strands useful for the prodn. of parahydroxycinnamic acid and photoactive yellow protein in a suitable host expression system.

ANSWER 3 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:80857 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:141699

TITLE:

Cloning, genomic and amino acid sequences of

tyrosine ammonia lyase

from Rhodobacter sphaeroides and

applications in the production of p-hydroxycinnamic

acid

INVENTOR(S):

Huang, Lixuan; Xue, Zhixiong

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E.I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----WO 2004009795 A2 20040129 WO 2003-US23229 WO 2004009795 A3 20040910 20030723 W: JP RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR US 2004059103 A1 20040325 US 2003-621826 EP 1551858 A2 20050713 EP 2003-766021

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

US 2002-397820P P 20020723 WO 2003-US23229 W 20030723 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

A novel tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme was AB identified in the bacterium Rhodobacter sphaeroides. This

enzyme has a higher activity for tyrosine than for phenylalanine and is useful for the prodn. of para-hydroxycinnamic acid directly from tyrosine. The gene encoding this enzyme was cloned by direct amplification using the genomic DNA and was expressed in E. coli.

ANSWER 4 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:950803 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:2349

TITLE: Protein and cDNA sequences of a tyrosine-inducible

tyrosine ammonia lyase

enzyme from Trichosporon cutaneum

Breinig, Sabine; Qi, Wei Wei; Sariaslani, Fateme Sima; Vannelli, Todd; Xue, Zhixiong INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., USA

PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION: DATENT NO

PATENT NO.					KIN	IND DATE			APP	DATE						
					A2	-										
WO	WO 2003099232					20031204			WO	20030520						
WO	WO 2003099232			<b>A</b> 3		2004	0910									
	W:	AU,	JP													
	RW:	ΑT,	ΒE,	ВG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK, EE	, ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
		ΙT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI, SK	, TR						
US	2004	0233	57		A1		2004	0205	US	2003-	4394	79		20	0030	516
US	6951	751			В2		2005	1004								
EP	1506	305			A2		2005	0216	EP	2003-	7315	92 `		20	0030	520
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY, AL	, TR,	ВG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							US	US 2002-383232P					P 20020523			
									WO	2003-	US17	924	V	1 2	0030	520

AB A novel tyrosine-inducible tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme was isolated from Trichosporon cutaneum. This enzyme has a higher activity for tyrosine than for phenylalanine and is useful for the prodn. of para-hydroxycinnamic acid directly from tyrosine. The gene encoding this enzyme was sequenced using 3 and 5 RACE cloning of the TAL cDNA and the gene was expressed in the Saccharomyces cerevisiae and in the Escherichia coli.

ANSWER 5 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:240642 USPATFULL

TITLE: Flavonoids

INVENTOR(S): Schmidt-Dannert, Claudia, Shoreview, MN, UNITED STATES

Watts, Kevin, Minneapolis, MN, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005208643 A1 20050922 US 2005-69633 A1 20050301 (11) APPLICATION INFO.:

> NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-549077P 20040301 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICAT FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FISH & RICHARDSON P.C., PO BOX 1022, MINNEAPOLIS, MN,

55440-1022, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

20

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 37 Drawing Page(s)
1.THE COUNT: 3545

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides methods and materials related to producing

flavonoids as well as other organic compounds. For example, the

invention provides isolated nucleic acids, polypeptides, host cells, and

methods and materials for producing flavonoids and other organic

compounds.

ANSWER 6 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:171307 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Methods for the production of tyrosine, cinnamic acid

and para-hydroxycinnamics acid

INVENTOR(S):

Qi, Wei Wei, 3821 Brunswick Avenue, Drexel Hill, PA,

UNITED STATES 19026

Sariaslani, Fateme Sima, Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES

Tang, Xiao-song, Hockessin, DE, UNITED STATES

KIND NUMBER -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005148054 A1 20050707 US 2003-476198 A1 20020503 (10) WO 2002-US18551 20020503 APPLICATION INFO.:

> NUMBER DATE

-----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-288701P 20010504 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: S Neil Feltham, E I du Pont de Nemours and Company,

Legal Patent Records Center, 4417 Lancaster Pike,

Wilmington, DE, 19805, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 12 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 12 LINE COUNT: 2319

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Genes encoding phenylalanine ammonia-lyase (PAL), tyrosine

ammonia lyase (TAL) and phenylalanine hydroxylase

(PAH) have been introduced into a host organism for the production of Para-hydroxycinnamic acid (PHCA). The introduction of these genes results in the redirection of carbon flow in the host, optimizing the flow of carbon from glucose to PHCA. The intermediates, tyrosine and cinnamic acid are also produced.

ANSWER 7 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:314595 USPATFULL

Method for preparing para-hydroxystyrene by TTTLE

biocatalytic decarboxylation of para-hydroxycinnamic

acid in a biphasic reaction medium

Ben-Bassat, Arie, Newark, DE, UNITED STATES INVENTOR(S):

Haynie, Sharon L., Philadelphis, PA, UNITED STATES

Lowe, David J., Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES Huang, Lisa L., Hockessin, DE, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004248267 A1 20041209 US 2004-824581 A1 20040414 (10) APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-462827P 20030414 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417

LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 2088

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A biocatalytic method for preparing para-hydroxystyrene from para-hydroxycinnamic acid is described. The method uses an enzyme source having para-hydroxycinnamic acid decarboxylase activity to catalyze the decarboxylation of para-hydroxycinnamic acid in a biphasic reaction medium to produce para-hydroxystyrene, which is extracted into the organic phase of the biphasic reaction medium. The method results in a high yield of para-hydroxystyrene due to the decreased exposure of the enzyme source to the inhibitory product. The product is readily recovered from the extractant, or may be chemically derivatized directly

ANSWER 8 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:292242 USPATFULL

in the extractant before recovery.

TITLE: Method for producing para-hydroxystyrene and other

multifunctional aromatic compounds using two-phase

extractive fermentation

INVENTOR (S): Ben-Bassat, Arie, Newark, DE, UNITED STATES

Lowe, David J., Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES

NUMBER DATE KIND -----

US 2004229326 A1 20041118 US 2004-824237 A1 20040414 (10) APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-462827P 20030414 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417

LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 27 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1680

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Methods are provided for the production and recovery of multifunctional aromatic compounds from a fermentation medium. Preferred multifunctional aromatic compounds include para-hydroxycinnamic acid (pHCA), cinnamic acid (CA), and para-hydroxystyrene (pHS). The multifunctional aromatic compounds may be produced in a biphasic growth medium comprising a fermentation medium having a specified volume of an extractant. The multifunctional aromatic compounds are extracted into the extractant and

recovered by standard means.

ANSWER 9 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:77324 USPATFULL

TITLE: DNA and amino acid sequence of a

tyrosine ammonia lyase

enzyme from the bacterium rhodobacter

sphaeroides

INVENTOR (S): Huang, Lixuan, Hockessin, DE, UNITED STATES

Xue, Zhixiong, Chadds Ford, PA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004059103 A1 20040325 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-621826 A1 20030717 (10)

NUMBER DATE

\_\_\_\_\_\_ PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-397820P 20020723 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417

LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 23 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1887

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A novel tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme was

identified in the bacterium Rhodobacter sphaeroides. This

enzyme has a higher activity for tyrosine than for phenylalanine and is useful for the production of para-hydroxycinnamic acid directly from

tyrosine. The gene encoding this enzyme was cloned by direct amplification using the genomic DNA and was expressed in E.

coli.

ANSWER 10 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:31218 USPATFULL

TITLE: DNA and amino acid sequences of a

> tyrosine-inducible tyrosine ammonia lyase enzyme from the yeast Trichosporon

cutaneum

Breinig, Sabine, Philadelphia, PA, UNITED STATES INVENTOR (S):

Qi, Wei Wei, Broomall, PA, UNITED STATES

Sariaslani, Fateme Sima, Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES

Vannelli, Todd M., Ithaca, NY, UNITED STATES Xue, Zhixiong, Chadds Ford, PA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 2004023357 A1 20040205 US 6951751 B2 20051004 US 2003-439479 A1 20030516 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-383232P 20020523 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417

LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Page(s) LINE COUNT: 2502

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A novel tyrosine-inducible tyrosine ammonia

lyase enzyme was isolated from the yeast Trichosporon cutaneum. This enzyme has a higher activity for tyrosine than for phenylalanine and is useful for the production of para-hydroxycinnamic acid directly from tyrosine. The gene encoding this enzyme was sequenced using 3' and 5' RACE cloning of the TAL cDNA and the gene was expressed in the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae and in the bacterium Escherichia coli.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:24761 USPATFULL

Microbial conversion of glucose to para-hydroxystyrene TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Ben-Bassat, Arie, Newark, DE, UNITED STATES

Qi, Wei Wei, Broomall, PA, UNITED STATES

Sariaslani, Fateme Sima, Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES

Tang, Xiao-Song, Hockessin, DE, UNITED STATES Vannelli, Todd M., Ithaca, NY, UNITED STATES

KIND DATE NUMBER 

US 2004018600 A1 20040129 US 2003-439478 A1 20030516 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

DATE NUMBER -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-383450P 20020523 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417

LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 2653 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

An in vivo method for the production of pHS via a recombinant host cell is disclosed. The host cell expresses at least one gene encoding a

polypeptide having para-hydroxycinnamic acid decarboxylase activity in combination with either at least one gene encoding a polypeptide having

tyrosine ammonia lyase activity or at least

one gene encoding a polypeptide having phenylalanine ammonia lyase

activity.

ANSWER 12 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:244425 USPATFULL

Bioproduction of para-hydroxycinnamic acid TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Gatenby, Anthony A., Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES

Sariaslani, F. Sima, Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES

Tang, Xiao-Song, Hockessin, DE, UNITED STATES Qi, Wei Wei, Drexel Hill, PA, UNITED STATES Vannelli, Todd, Ithaca, NY, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 2003170834 A1 20030911 US 2002-188523 A1 20020703 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 2001-765873, filed on 19 Jan

2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2000-627216, filed on 27 Jul 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6368837

NUMBER DATE

\_\_\_\_\_\_ US 1999-147719P 19990806 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417

LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 4748

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides several methods for biological production

of para-hydroxycinnamic acid (PHCA). The invention is also directed to the discovery of new fungi and bacteria that possess the ability to convert cinnamate to PHCA. The invention relates to developing of a new biocatalyst for conversion of glucose to PHCA by incorporation of the wild type PAL from the yeast Rhodotorula glutinis into E. coli underlining the ability of the wildtype PAL to convert tyrosine to PHCA. The invention is also directed to developing a new biocatalyst for conversion of glucose to PHCA by incorporation of the wildtype PAL from the yeast Rhodotorula glutinis plus the plant cytochrome P-450 and the cytochrome P-450 reductase into E. coli. In yet another embodiment, the present invention provides for the developing of a new biocatalyst through mutagenesis of the wild type yeast PAL which possesses enhanced tyrosine ammonia-lyase (TAL) activity.

ANSWER 13 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

2003:114511 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Methods for the production of tyrosine, cinnamic acid

and para-hydroxycinnamic acid

Qi, Wei Wei, Drexel Hill, PA, UNITED STATES INVENTOR(S):

Sariaslani, Fateme Sima, Wilmington, DE, UNITED STATES

Tang, Xiao-Song, Hockessin, DE, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE \_\_\_\_\_

US 2003079255 A1 20030424 US 2002-138970 A1 20020503 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2001-288701P 20010504 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL PATENT

RECORDS CENTER, BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128, 4417 LANCASTER PIKE, WILMINGTON, DE, 19805

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT: 2332

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Genes encoding phenylalanine ammonia-lyase (PAL), tyrosine

ammonia lyase (TAL) and phenylalanine hydroxylase

(PAH) have been introduced into a host organism for the production of Para-hydroxycinnamic acid (PHCA). The introduction of these genes results in the redirection of carbon flow in the host, optimizing the flow of carbon from glucose to PHCA. The intermediates, tyrosine and cinnamic acid are also produced.

ANSWER 14 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:75234 USPATFULL

TITLE: Bioproduction of para-hydroxycinnamic acid

INVENTOR(S): Gatenby, Anthony A., Wilmington, DE, United States

Sariaslani, Sima, Newark, DE, United States Tang, Xiao-Song, Hockessin, DE, United States Qi, Wei Wei, Drexel Hill, PA, United States Vannelli, Todd, Ithaca, NY, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E. I. du Pont Nemours and Company, Wilmington, DE,

United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 6368837 B1 20020409 US 2000-627216 20000727 APPLICATION INFO.: 20000727 (9)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1999-147719P 19990806 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Prouty, Rebecca E.
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Steadman, David J.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 10 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 4 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2706

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides several methods for biological production of para-hydroxycinnamic acid (PHCA). The invention is also directed to the discovery of new fungi and bacteria that possess the ability to convert cinnamate to PHCA. The invention relates to developing of a new biocatalyst for conversion of glucose to PHCA by incorporation of the wild type PAL from the yeast Rhodotorula glutinis into E. coli underlining the ability of the wildtype PAL to convert tyrosine to PHCA. The invention is also directed to developing a new biocatalyst for conversion of glucose to PHCA by incorporation of the wildtype PAL from the yeast Rhodotorula glutinis plus the plant cytochrome P-450 and the cytochrome P-450 reductase into E. coli. In yet another embodiment, the present invention provides for the developing of a new biocatalyst through mutagenesis of the wild type yeast PAL which possesses enhanced tyrosine ammonia-lyase (TAL) activity.

ANSWER 15 OF 15 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:233615 USPATFULL

TITLE: Bioproduction of para-hydroxycinnamic acid INVENTOR(S): Tang, Xiao-Song, Hockessin, DE, United States

DATE NUMBER KIND -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2001053847 A1 20011220 US 6521748 B2 20030218

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2001-765873 A1 20010119 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-627216, filed

on 27 Jul 2000, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 1999-147719P 19990806 (60)

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY, LEGAL DEPARTMENT -

PATENTS, 1007 MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON, DE, 19898

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 26
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3566

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides several methods for biological production of para-hydroxycinnamic acid (PHCA). The invention is also directed to the discovery of new fungi and bacteria that possess the ability to convert cinnamate to PHCA. The invention relates to developing of a new biocatalyst for conversion of glucose to PHCA by incorporation of the wild type PAL from the yeast Rhodotorula glutinis into E. coli underlining the ability of the wildtype PAL to convert tyrosine to PHCA. The invention is also directed to developing a new biocatalyst for conversion of glucose to PHCA by incorporation of the wildtype PAL from the yeast Rhodotorula glutinis plus the plant cytochrome P-450 and the cytochrome P-450 reductase into E. coli. In yet another embodiment, the present invention provides for the developing of a new biocatalyst through mutagenesis of the wild type yeast PAL which possesses enhanced tyrosine ammonia-lyase (TAL) activity.

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:17:43 ON 05 JAN 2006)

FILE 'MEDLINE, HCAPLUS, EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:18:09 ON 05 JAN 2006

FILE 'MEDLINE, HCAPLUS, EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:18:16 ON 05 JAN 2006

L1 25 S RHODOBACTER AND TYROSINE AMMONIA LYASE

L2 18 DUP REM L1 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

L3 5 S L2 AND SPHAEROIDES

L4 15 S L2 AND DNA

=> log y

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	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-4.50	-4.50

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